

Homotopie et Homologie

Exercise Set 7

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Throughout these exercises, *space* means *topological space*, *map* means *continuous map*, and I denotes $[0, 1]$.

The goal of this series of exercises is to develop and study the dual Barrat-Puppe sequence. We begin by defining the constructions that are analogous to the cone and mapping cone constructions.

Definition 1. The *based path space* on a pointed space (Y, y_0) , denoted PY , is the *pullback* of

$$\{y_0\} \hookrightarrow Y \xleftarrow{ev_0} \text{Map}(I, Y),$$

where $ev_0(\lambda) = \lambda(0)$, i.e., $PY = \{\lambda \in \text{Map}(I, Y) \mid \lambda(0) = y_0\}$. Let $e : PY \rightarrow Y$ denote the map given by $e(\lambda) = \lambda(1)$.

Definition 2. The *homotopy fiber* of a map $f : X \rightarrow Y$, denoted P_f , is the *pullback* of

$$X \xrightarrow{f} Y \xleftarrow{e} PY,$$

i.e., $P_f = \{(x, \lambda) \in X \times PY \mid \lambda(1) = x\}$, which is a subspace of $X \times PY$. Let $q_f : P_f \rightarrow X : (x, \lambda) \rightarrow x$.

1. Prove that a pointed map $f : (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Y, y_0)$ is nullhomotopic if and only if there is a pointed map

$$\widehat{f} : (X, x_0) \rightarrow (PY, c_{y_0})$$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ & \searrow \widehat{f} & \nearrow ev_1 \\ & & PY \end{array}$$

commutes.

2. Let $(W, w_0) \xrightarrow{g} (X, x_0) \xrightarrow{f} (Y, y_0)$ be pointed maps. Prove that $f \circ g$ is nullhomotopic if and only if there exists a pointed map

$$\widehat{g} : (W, w_0) \rightarrow (P_f, (x_0, c_{y_0}))$$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} W & \xrightarrow{g} & X \\ & \searrow \widehat{g} & \nearrow q_f \\ & & P_f \end{array}$$

commutes.

3. Identify the homotopy fibers of the inclusion of the basepoint $\{y_0\}$ into Y , of $e : PY \rightarrow Y$ and of $q_f : P_f \rightarrow X$, for any pointed map $f : (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Y, y_0)$. Show that $\Omega P_f \simeq_* P_{\Omega f}$ as well.
4. Prove that e satisfies the *homotopy lifting property*, i.e., for every commuting diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & PY \\ j_0 \downarrow & & \downarrow e \\ X \times I & \xrightarrow{F} & Y \end{array}$$

where $j_0(x) = (x, 0)$, there is a map $\widehat{F} : X \times I \rightarrow PY$ such that $e \circ \widehat{F} = F$ and $\widehat{F} \circ j_0 = f$.

5. Prove that for any pointed map $f : (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Y, y_0)$ (respectively, H -morphism $f : (X, x_0, \mu) \rightarrow (Y, y_0, \nu)$), the sequence $P_f \xrightarrow{q_f} X \xrightarrow{f} Y$ is h -exact, i.e., for any pointed space (W, w_0) , the sequence of set maps (respectively, of homomorphisms)

$$[W, P_f]_* \xrightarrow{(q_f)_*} [W, X]_* \xrightarrow{f_*} [W, Y]_*$$

is exact.

6. Given a pointed map $f : (X, x_0) \rightarrow (Y, y_0)$, explain how to obtain a sequence of pointed maps

$$\cdots \rightarrow \Omega^2 X \rightarrow \Omega^2 Y \rightarrow P_{\Omega f} \rightarrow \Omega X \rightarrow \Omega Y \rightarrow P_f \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y$$

(basepoints suppressed) by iterating the homotopy fiber construction: the *dual Barratt-Puppe sequence*. Conclude, using exercise 5, that for any pointed space (W, w_0) , the sequence

$$\cdots \rightarrow [W, P_{\Omega f}]_* \rightarrow [W, \Omega X]_* \rightarrow [W, \Omega Y]_* \rightarrow [W, P_f]_* \rightarrow [W, X]_* \rightarrow [W, Y]_*$$

is exact.